



Research Summary: Better Liver #1

As featured in Dr. Kenny Mittelstadt's video:
"Top 7 Foods for Better Liver Health"
Date of Publication: 12/20/2025

Research Context:

This week's topic explores how liver health isn't about periodic cleanses, it's about understanding which everyday foods send healing signals to your liver.

Most people think of their liver as a filter that occasionally needs scrubbing, but that misses what's really happening. Your liver is more like a busy traffic controller and chemistry lab combined, processing everything you absorb, every hormone that needs clearing, every toxin you encounter.

When traffic flows smoothly, you feel good. But when too much arrives at once, the system slows down and signals back up. You might notice this as unexplained fatigue, stubborn weight, skin issues, or lab markers creeping upward. What most people never hear is that your liver responds to patterns over time.

A single high-sugar meal doesn't break your liver. But repeated blood sugar spikes, daily exposure to oxidized fats, constant inflammation from ultra-processed foods, these create cumulative stress that shows up as that overwhelmed feeling.

Key Findings from the Research:

Study 1 (PMID 35889803):

Researchers examined how different food sources of fructose-containing sugars affected liver health. When people added excess calories from sugar-sweetened beverages, liver fat increased significantly, about 1.7 times more than baseline. But when equal calories were simply swapped with no extras added, there was no harm. Whole fruits with fiber didn't show the negative effects that sweetened drinks did. The key lesson: it's not just the sugar molecule itself, it's the extra energy burden and how rapidly it hits your system. Liquid sugars create a sudden glucose flood that your liver has to handle all at once.

Study 2 (PMID 32067271):

Across 15 studies examining green tea and liver enzymes, researchers found the effect depended entirely on baseline health status. For people with fatty liver disease, green tea lowered their liver enzyme levels (ALT and AST), markers of liver inflammation and cellular damage. But in healthy people, it caused a small increase in these same enzymes. Green tea acts as a protective supporter when the liver is already overwhelmed, helping to reduce oxidative stress and improve insulin sensitivity. One to two cups daily can provide steady antioxidant support through compounds like EGCG that help the liver manage its workload more effectively.

Study 3 (PMID 38542768):

This systematic review and meta-analysis examined randomized controlled trials on olive oil consumption in people with fatty liver disease. Researchers found that olive oil intake improved liver enzyme levels and supported metabolic health markers. The benefit comes from olive oil's unique properties. The monounsaturated fats in olive oil improve insulin sensitivity, which means less sugar gets stored as fat in the liver. The polyphenol antioxidants help reduce oxidative stress and inflammation at the cellular level. When you swap other cooking fats for extra virgin olive oil, you're providing compounds that actively help your liver manage inflammation and metabolic stress. This is one of the protective hallmarks of the Mediterranean diet. Research shows that using olive oil, especially in its raw form, can improve insulin sensitivity and liver markers directly, giving your liver better tools to handle its daily workload.



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Functional Medicine Connections:

Your liver sits at the intersection of your body's communication networks. Foods causing rapid blood sugar spikes trigger insulin surges. With repeated spikes, glucose converts to fat in your liver while cells become less responsive to insulin, creating the backlog that becomes fatty liver.

Constant demands also generate oxidative stress, like exhaust from an overworked engine. Antioxidants in green tea, nuts, and berries neutralize this before damage occurs.

Meanwhile, fiber and protein in legumes send "steady energy" signals, giving your liver breathing room instead of emergency processing mode. It's about reducing chaos: sweetened beverages, fried foods, and ultra-processed snacks create it. Supportive foods, cruciferous vegetables, fatty fish, olive oil, legumes, provide steady energy and give your liver the space to catch up.

Practical Reflections & Takeaways:

Think about your patterns: Do energy crashes line up with quick-hit carbs or sweetened drinks? Does brain fog follow meals that spike blood sugar? These aren't random, they're your body showing where communication breaks down.

Look at a typical day: How much requires emergency processing versus steady work? Are you giving your liver bursts of fructose from sodas, or steady fuel from legumes and vegetables? Your symptoms, stubborn weight, fatigue, skin issues, trending labs, are often early signals. You don't need a dramatic cleanse.

You need less daily chaos and more consistent support: cruciferous vegetables, fatty fish, olive oil, garlic, berries, green tea, legumes. These are the difference between a liver in emergency mode and one with capacity to function well.

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